## COVID-19 Mortality Rate Trends in Countries and US States

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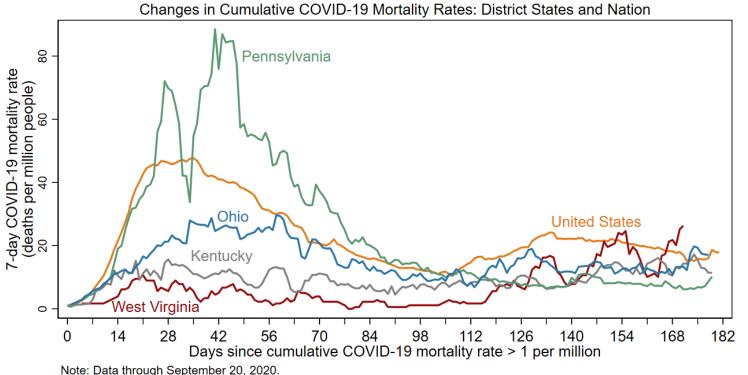
Updated September 21, 2020



## Introduction

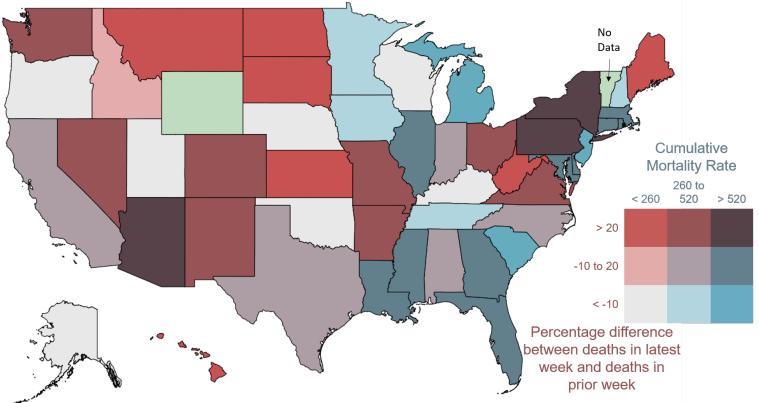
- The charts in this presentation use the same data sources as the charts in two April 2020 District Data Briefs. Please see these reports for additional details.
  - Getting to Accuracy: Measuring COVID-19 by Mortality Rates and Percentage Changes
  - <u>A Speeding Rate Starts to Slow: COVID-19 Mortality Rates by State</u>
- Since those reports were completed, additional evidence shows that COVID-19 deaths have been underreported, both in other countries and in the United States. The following charts present the latest the Center for Systems Science and Engineering at Johns Hopkins University (CSSE) data through September 20, with no attempt to further correct for underreporting.
  - Some large revisions in COVID-19 data have been smoothed. See slide 9 for details.
- The charts have been modified from those in the reports to better convey the current status of the COVID-19 epidemic in the United States.
- All dates in this presentation refer to the year 2020.

In the week leading up to September 20, the weekly COVID-19 mortality rate rose in all Fourth District states except Kentucky, which saw a moderate decrease. The United States as a whole saw a modest increase.

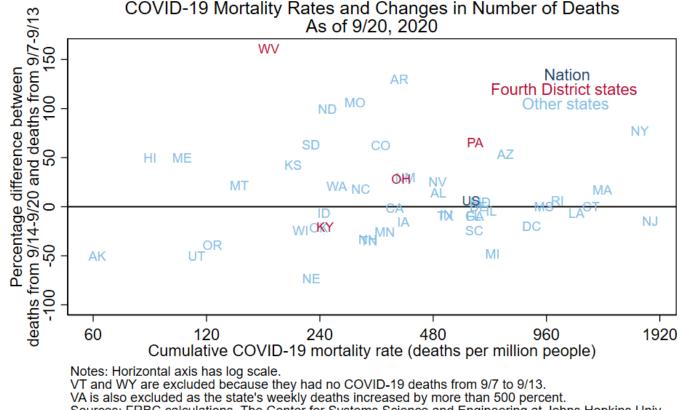


Sources: FRBC calculations, The Center for Systems Science and Engineering at Johns Hopkins Univ., and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

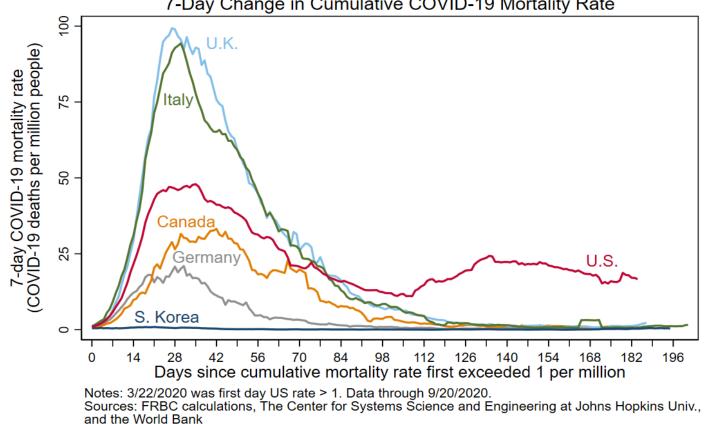
Between September 14 and September 20, the weekly COVID-19 mortality rate rose in 28 states, including Arizona, Colorado, and New York.



Data for September 20, 2020, accessed on September 21, 2020 "Latest week" is 9/14 to 9/20, "prior week" is 9/7 to 9/13. Sources: FRBC calculations, CSSE, and BEA. Notes: VT and WY had no data because they had no deaths from 9/7 to 9/13. The District of Columbia is in the bin with mortality rate > 520 and percentage difference below -10 percent. The color bins on this map are changed with each update to better represent the latest data.

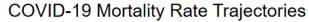


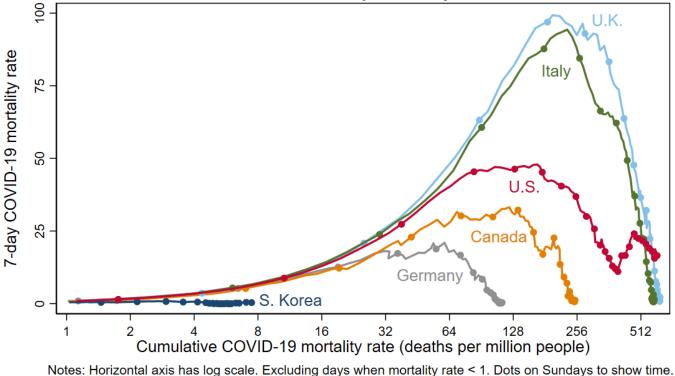
The 7-day COVID-19 mortality rate in the United States has risen modestly and remains high relative to those in Canada and European countries at comparable numbers of days into their epidemics.



7-Day Change in Cumulative COVID-19 Mortality Rate

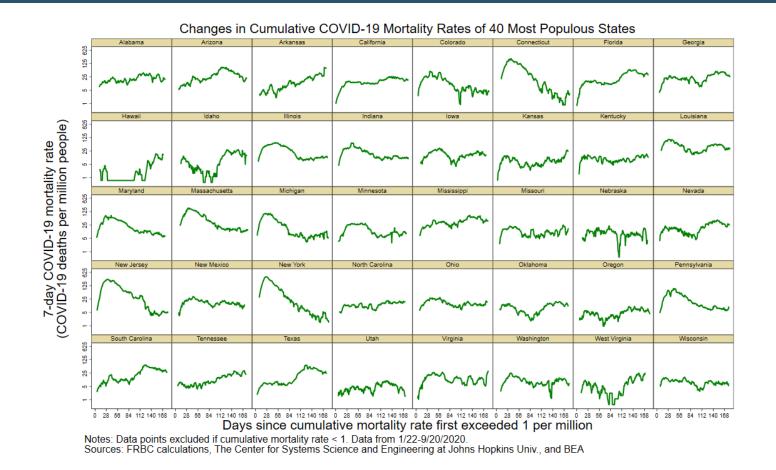
## As of September 20, the cumulative COVID-19 mortality rate of the United States is 610 deaths per million people. This is almost six times that of Germany and above that of Italy (591 deaths per million).





Data through September 20, 2020.

Sources: FRBC calculations, The Center for Systems Science and Engineering at Johns Hopkins Univ., and the World Bank



- Some significant revisions to the reported number of COVID-19 deaths cause large single-day jumps.
- We smooth some of these jumps by multiplying daily changes for a period of time by a scaling factor so that the adjusted series meets the post-revision series.
- We have used this approach for the following revisions and periods:
  - Spain revised deaths downward on May 25; data are adjusted from 3/3 to 5/24.
  - New Jersey revised deaths downward on June 25; data are adjusted from 3/10 to 6/24.
  - Illinois revised deaths upward on July 7; Illinois and United States are adjusted from 3/23 to 7/6.
  - New Jersey revised deaths downward on August 26; data are adjusted from 3/18 to 8/26.
- Other data cleaning
  - Ohio's reported cumulative deaths jumped up on August 29 and reversed on August 30. We set Ohio's cumulative deaths on August 29 to the mid-point of deaths on August 28 and 30 and incorporated this change into the US total for August 29.