Cleveland Fed Conversations on Central Banking

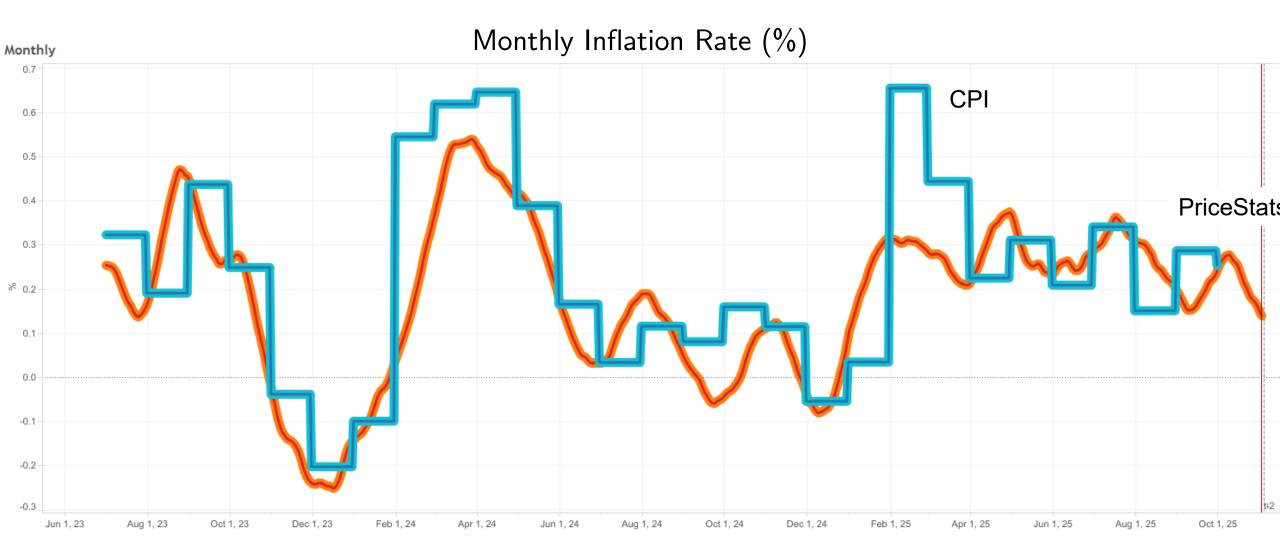
Alberto Cavallo Harvard Business School November 5, 2025

PriceStats

- Online data collection from +1500 large retailers in 27 countries
- Measuring inflation every day since 2011, published with only a 3-day lag
- Two types of indicators: inflation & PPP (international relative prices)
- Covering about 60% of CPI weights, all goods, few services and no shelter



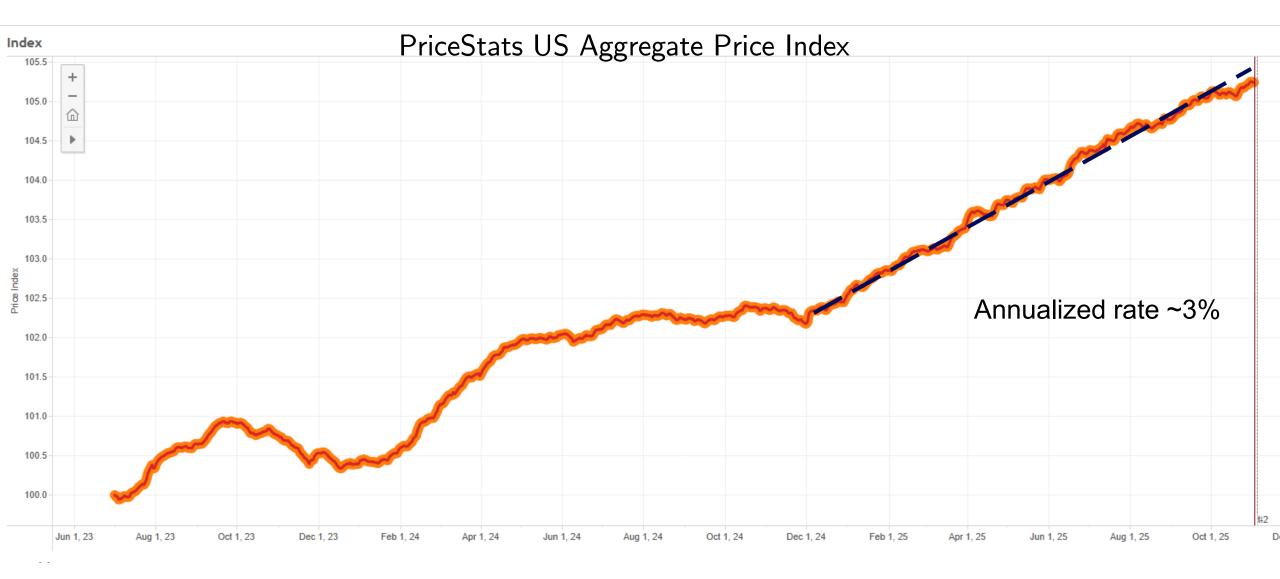
US aggregate inflation, NSA



Source: PriceStats - State Street, BLS

Data Updated: PriceStats 9/3, CPI until July

Frequency: the daily price index helps detect changes in the inflation trend



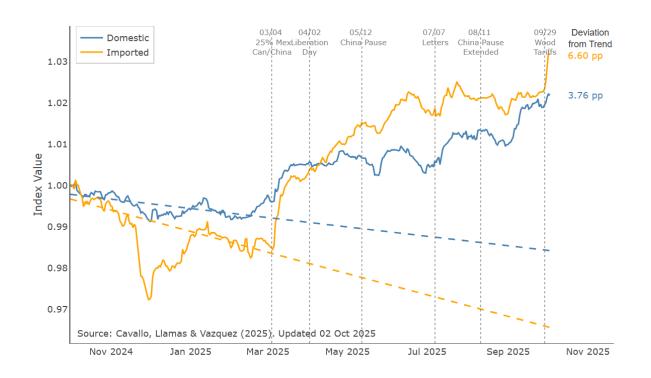
Source: PriceStats - State Street

Detecting turning points in inflation dynamics - e.g. US, 2025

Tariff Announcements 100 03/04/25 Share of CPI weights with trend breaks by window (%) 102/04/25 104/02/25 Share of weights with negative breaks (%) Share of weights with positive breaks (%) 75 50 25 Dec 2024 Jan 2025 Feb 2025 Mar 2025 May 2025 Jun 2025 Jul 2025 Apr 2025 Window end date

Figure 11: United States - Rolling Windows Analysis

Granularity → e.g. What is the price impact of the tariffs?





https://www.pricinglab.org/tariff-tracker/

Coverage differences can lead to gaps in levels

PriceStats (w/o shelter) and all-items CPI (with shelter) (yoy, %)

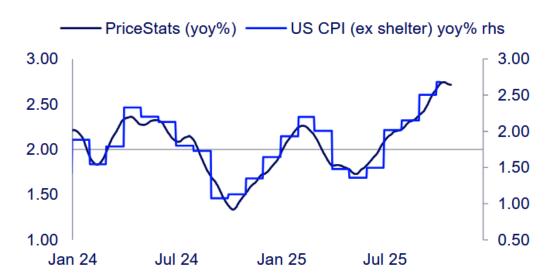


Michael Metcalfe

28 October 2025

Alt data update: Not so scary heading into Halloween

Figure 2 PriceStats annual rate versus official data



Source: State Street Markets, PriceStats

Like all statistics, PriceStats has some advantages and disadvantages

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Private	Innovations, Flexibility Available during gov. shutdowns Check on official data (e.g. Argentina)	Not public good → Rivalrous & excludable. Proprietary methods / Less transparent No incentives to produce all statistics (e.g. city level, distributional, small countries)
Method Online data scraping	Cheaper than surveys High-Frequency (daily) + Low latency (quick) Anticipation → e.g. turning points Granularity → e.g. tariff impact Large samples → e.g. detect cheapflation	No shelter → 30% of CPI basket Few services → surveys needed there Large data challenges Scraping blocking, noisy

Complement, not substitute of official CPIs or survey methods